## **Aerial Lift Safety Training London**

Aerial Lift Safety Training London - Every year, there are around 26 construction fatalities attributed to the utilization of aerial lifts. Nearly all of the craftsmen killed are laborers, electrical workers, painters, ironworkers or carpenters. Nearly all deaths are caused by tip-overs, electrocutions and falls. The greatest danger is from boom-supported lifts, like cherry pickers and bucket trucks. Nearly all fatalities are connected to this particular kind of lift, with the rest involving scissor lifts. Other dangers include being thrown out of a bucket, being struck by falling objects, and being caught between the guardrail or lift bucket and a thing, like a joist or steel beam.

To be able to safely operate an aerial lift, perform an inspection on the following items before making use of the device: emergency and operating controls, safety devices (such as, outriggers and guardrails), personal fall protection gear, and tires and wheels. Check for possible leaks in the air, hydraulic fluid and fuel-system. Inspect the device for missing or loose parts.

The areas that worker would use the aerial device should be inspected carefully for possible dangers, like for instance bumps, holes, debris and drop-offs. Overhead powerlines need to be monitored and avoided. It is recommended that aerial lift devices be utilized on surfaces that are level and stable. Never work on steep slopes that exceed slope limitations specified by the manufacturer. Even on a level slope, brakes, wheel chocks and outriggers should be set.

Employers are required to provide aerial lift operators and maintenance mechanics with the correct guidebooks. Mechanics and operators should be trained by a certified individual experienced with the relevant type of aerial lift.

## Aerial Lift Safety Guidelines:

- o Prior to operating, close doors and lift platform chains.
- o Leaning over and climbing on guardrails is prohibited. Stand on the platform or floor of the bucket.
- o Stay within manufacturer's load-capacity limits.
- o When working near traffic, utilize proper work-zone warnings, like for instance cones and signs.

Electrocutions are preventable if safety procedures are followed. Stay as far away from power lines - at least 10 feet. Qualified electrical workers must insulate and/or de-energize power lines. Workers should use personal protective tools and equipment, like insulated bucket. Then again, an insulated bucket does not protect from electrocution if, for example, the worker touches a different wire providing a path to the ground.

Falls are avoidable if the individual working remains secure inside guardrails or within the bucket by using a full-body harness or a positioning device. If there is an anchorage inside the bucket, a positioning belt along with a short lanyard is acceptable.

Tip-overs are avoidable by following the manufacturer's instructions. Unless otherwise specified by the manufacturer, never drive while the lift platform is elevated. Follow the vertical and horizontal reach restrictions of the device, and never go beyond the specified load-capacity.